



TIMEFOR – *Time Series Analysis and Forecasting Prerequisite: LIMOBAP/LIMOCAP*

Prerequisite to:

Instructor:____ Consultation Hours:_

Contact details:_____ Class Schedule and Room:_

Course Description

A course dealing with the different methods of forecasting time series data – classical smoothing procedures and the use of statistical models. The theoretical and model building issues of techniques like exponentials smoothing, moving average, seasonal decomposition, ARIMA models, and transfer function economic, agricultural, financial, meteorological among others are discussed.

Learning Outcomes

On completion of this course, the student is expected to present the following learning outcomes in line with the Expected Lasallian Graduate Attributes (ELGA)

ELGA	Learning Outcome
Critical and Creative Thinker	At the end of the course, the student will apply
Effective Communicator	appropriate statistical concepts, processes, tools, and
Lifelong Learner	technologies in the solution to various conceptual and
Service-Driven Citizen	real-world problems.

Final Course Output

As evidence of attaining the above learning outcomes, the student is required to submit the following during the indicated dates of the term.

	Learning Outcome	Learning Outcome Required Output	
	At the end of the course, the student will apply	Inquiry-based individual and group	Week 13
ĺ	appropriate statistical concepts, processes,	presentations highlighting the uses of	
	tools, and technologies in the solution to	time series analysis in different	
	various conceptual and real-world problems.	problem situations encountered in	
		business and related fields	

Rubric for assessment

CRITERIA	EXEMPLARY	SATISFACTORY	DEVELOPING	BEGINNING
	4	3	2	1
Formulation	Research problem and	Research problem	Research problem	Research
of the	objectives are clearly	and objectives are	is clearly defined	problem and
Research	defined and significant;	clearly defined and	but some	objectives are
Problem and	Demonstrates evidence	significant.	objectives are	vague and
Objectives	that the research		insignificant.	insignificant.
(10%)	problem was			
	researched and			
	designed well.			
Correct	Statistical analyses are	Statistical analyses	Some statistical	Statistical
Application of	appropriate with correct	are appropriate	analyses are	analyses are
the Statistical	interpretations and	with correct	inappropriate.	inappropriate
Concepts	relevant conclusions.	interpretations.		
(35%)				

Depth of	The analysis convinces	The analysis	The analysis have	The analysis
Analysis	the reader about the	engages the reader	limited ideas that	has incorrect
(30%)	wisdom of conclusions, implications and consequences on the basis of statistical methods and findings	to appreciate the wisdom of conclusions, implications and consequences on the basis of statistical methods	do not explain the wisdom of conclusions, implications and consequences on the basis of statistical methods	ideas and conclusions.
Clarity and	Written report is	and findings Written report is	and findings Written report is	Written report
Organization of Written	organized logically and presented clearly with	organized logically and presented	organized and some discussions	is not organized.
Report (10%)	effective transitions.	clearly.	are not clear.	organizeu.
Oral	Overall presentation is	Overall	Overall	Overall
Presentation	creative and well	presentation is	presentation is	presentation is
(15%)	organized with innovative ideas.	creative and well organized.	organized	not organized

Additional Requirements

Aside from the final output, the student will be assessed at other times during the term by the following: Quizzes
 Class Pa

- Class Participation (seatwork and group exercises, homework, recitation) Computer hands-on exercises using SAS
- 4
- 4 Final Examination

Grading System

				Scale:	
	FOR EXEMPTED		TUDENTS NAL EXAM	95-100% 89-94% 83-88%	4.0 3.5 3.0
	STUDENTS (w/out Final Exam)	with no missed quiz	With one missed quiz	78-82% 72-77% 66-71%	2.5 2.0 1.5
Average of quizzes	90%	60%	50%	60-65%	1.0
Seatworks, Boardwork, Assignment	10%	10%	10%	<60%	0.0
Final exam	-	30%	40%		

Learning Plan			
LEARNING OUTCOME	ΤΟΡΙϹ	WEEK NO.	LEARNING ACTIVITIES
At the end of the course, the student will apply	 Introduction 1.1 Definition of terms 1.2 Components of a time series 1.3 Overview of forecasting methods 	Week 1	Prior knowledge and beliefs survey Concept mapping
appropriate statistical concepts, processes, tools, and technologies in the solution to various conceptual and real-world	 2. Statistical Fundamentals 2.1 Summary statistics used in forecasting 2.2 Measures of forecast accuracy 2.3 Review of linear regression 2.4 Autocorrelation function 2.5 Partial ACF 2.6 White noise behavior 3. Simple Smoothing Methods 3.1 Moving averages 	Week 1 - 2 Week 3 - 4	Library work Group discussion and presentations Computer laboratory activities (SAS) Skills exercises Student self-
problems	3.2 Simple exponential smoothing 3.3 Smoothing methods for trend and seasonality	Week 4	assessment and reflection
	Quiz No. 1	Week 4	
	4. Trend-Seasonal Smoothing Methods4.1 Differencing4.2 Estimating trend using first differences	Week 5 - 6	

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	4.3 Double moving average	
	4.4 Brown's double exponential smoothing	
	4.5 Holt's two-parameter trend model	
	5. Decomposition Methods and Seasonal Indices	Week 6 – 8
	5.1 Additive and multiplicative seasonality	
	5.2 Classical decomposition	
	5.3 Decomposition using regression	
	5.3 The X12 procedure	
	Quiz No. 2	Week 8
	6. Univariate ARIMA Modeling	Week 9 –
	6.1 Autoregressive processes	12
	6.2 Moving average processes	
	6.3 Integrated ARMA processes (ARIMA)	
	6.4 Correlogram: ACF and PACF plots	
	6.5 Model identification	
	6.6 Parameter estimation	
	6.7 Diagnostic checking	
	6.8 Model selection	
	6.9 Empirical examples	
	Quiz No. 3	Week 12
	Our of Descente*	
	Group Reports*	Week 13
	Final Project	Weels 4.4
	Final Examination	Week 14
	s for group reports:	
	a Unit Root	
Interventior	•	
Outlier Det	ection	

References

Transfer Function Models

Abraham and Ledolter. (1993). Statistical Methods for Forecasting. J. Wiley and Sons.
Bowerman and O'Connel. (1979). Time Series and Forecasting. PWS Pub
DeLurgio, Stepthen A. (1998). Forecasting Principles and Applications. Irwin/McGraw-Hill.
Wei, William W.S. (2005). Time Series Analysis : Univariate and Multivariate Methods, 2nd edition. Pearson/Addison-Wesley.

Online Resources

Second Moment: Time Series Analysis Site Links. Accessed October 15, 2012 from http://www.secondmoment.org/time_series.php

Some Time Series Analysis Resources in *AntiAnti.* Accessed October 15, 2012 from http://antianti.org/?p=18

Time Series Data Library. Accessed October 15, 2012 from: <u>http://robjhyndman.com/TSDL/</u> Gretl in *Sourceforge.* Accessed October 15, 2012 from: <u>http://gretl.sourceforge.net/</u>

Class Policies

- 1. The required minimum number of quizzes for a 3-unit course is 3, and 4 for 4-unit course. No part of the final exam may be considered as one quiz.
- 2. Cancellation of the lowest quiz is not allowed even if the number of quizzes exceeds the required minimum number of quizzes.
- 3. As a general policy, no special or make-up tests for missed exams other than the final examination will be given. However, a faculty member may give special exams for
 - A. approved absences (where the student concerned officially represented the University at some function or activity).
 - B. absences due to serious illness which require hospitalization, death in the family and other reasons which the faculty member deems meritorious.
- 4. If a student missed two (2) examinations, then he/she will be required to take a make up for the second missed examination.
- 5. If the student has no valid reason for missing an exam (for example, the student was not prepared to take the exam) then the student receives 0% for the missed quiz.
- 6. Students who get at least 89% in every quiz are exempted from taking the final examination. Their final

grade will be based on the average of their quizzes and other prefinal course requirements. The final grade of exempted students who opt to take the final examination will be based on the prescribed computation of final grades inclusive of a final examination. Students who missed and/or took any special/make-up quiz will not be eligible for exemption.

- 7. Learning outputs are required and not optional to pass the course.
- 8. Mobile phones and other forms of communication devices should be on silent mode or turned off during class.
- 9. Students are expected to be attentive and exhibit the behavior of a mature and responsible individual during class. They are also expected to come to class on time and prepared.
- 10. Sleeping, bringing in food and drinks, and wearing a cap and sunglasses in class are not allowed.
- 11. Students who wish to go to the washroom must politely ask permission and, if given such, they should be back in class within 5 minutes. Only one student at a time may be allowed to leave the classroom for this purpose.
- 12. Students who are absent from the class for more than 5 meetings will get a final grade of 0.0 in the course.
- 13. Only students who are officially enrolled in the course are allowed to attend the class meetings.

Approved by:

DR. ARTURO Y. PACIFICADOR, JR. Chair, Department of Mathematics

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