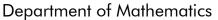


# DE LA SALLE UNIVERSITY

# College of Science





CCSCAL2 - Calculus 2 for CCS Students

Instructor:	Contact details:		
Prerequisite: CCSCAL1	Prerequisite to:		

Class Schedule and Room:\_

### **Course Description**

**Consultation Hours:**\_

This second course in analysis covers differentiation and integration of exponential, logarithm and trigonometric functions; the concepts of the definite and indefinite integral and some applications of the definite integral.

# Learning Outcomes

On completion of this course, the student is expected to present the following learning outcomes in line with the Expected Lasallian Graduate Attributes (ELGA)

ELGA	Learning Outcome
Critical and Creative Thinker	At the end of the course, the student will be able to
Effective Communicator	apply differentiation of transcendental functions,
Lifelong Learner	indefinite and definite integration in solving various
Service-Driven Citizen	conceptual and real-world problems.

### **Final Course Output**

As evidence of attaining the above learning outcomes, the student is required to submit the following during the indicated dates of the term.

Learning Outcome	Required Output	Due Date
At the end of the course, the student will be	Collaborative activity on utilizing	Week 6
able to apply differentiation of transcendental	definite integration in finding area of a	
functions, indefinite and definite integration in	plane region as well as the volume of	
solving various conceptual and real-world	a solid of revolution.	
problems.	Collaborative activity on utilizing	1 week
	integral to solve law of growth and	before final
	decay problems.	exam

# Rubric for assessment

CRITERIA	Excellent (4)	Good (3)	Satisfactory (2)	Needs Improvement (1)
Understanding (50%)	The solution shows a deep understanding of the problem including the ability to identify the appropriate mathematical concepts and information necessary for its solution.	The solution shows that student has a broad understanding of the problem and the major concepts necessary for its solution.	The solution is not complete indicating that parts of the problem are not understood.	There is no solution, or the solution has no relationship to the task.
Strategies and Procedures (15%)	Uses a very efficient strategy leading directly to a solution. Applies procedures accurately to correctly solve the problem and verifies the result.	Uses strategy that leads to a solution of the problem. All parts are correct and a correct answer is achieved.	Uses a strategy that is partially useful, leading some way toward a solution but not to a full solution of the problem. Some parts may be correct but a correct answer is not achieved.	No evidence of a strategy or procedure uses strategy that does not help solve the problem.
Communication (10%)	There is a clear, effective explanation, detailing how the problem is solved. There is a precise and appropriate use of mathematical terminology and notation.	There is a clear explanation and appropriate use of accurate mathematical representation.	There is some use of appropriate mathematical representation but explanation is incomplete and not clearly presented.	There is no explanation or the solution cannot be understood or it is unrelated to the problem.

Integration (10%)	Demonstrates integration of the concepts presented	Demonstrates some integration of the concepts presented	Demonstrates limited integration of the concepts presented	Demonstrates no integration of the concepts presented
Accuracy of Computations/ Solutions (15%)	Computations / solutions are correct and explained correctly	Computations/ solutions are correct but not explained well.	Computations/ solutions have some errors.	Incorrect computations/ solutions

Learning Output Final exam

Additional Requirements
At least 3 written quizzes, 1 final exam, seatwork, assignment, recitation, group work

Grading System				
	_	_	_	Scal
	FOR	FOR ST	<b>TUDENTS</b>	95-10
	EXEMPTED	with FI	NAL EXAM	89-9- 83-8
	STUDENTS	with	With	78-8
	(w/out Final	no missed	one missed	72-7
	Exam)	quiz	quiz	66-7
Average of quizzes	90%	60%	50%	60-6
Seatwork, Assignment,	10%	10%	10%	<60%

Scale:		
95-100%	4.0	
89-94%	3.5	
83-88%	3.0	
78-82%	2.5	
72-77%	2.0	
66-71%	1.5	
60-65%	1.0	
<60%	0.0	

_earning Plan			
Learning	Culminating Topics	Week	Learning Activities
Outcome		No.	
At the end of the course, the students will apply appropriate mathematical concepts, processes, tools, and technologies in the solution to various conceptual and real-world problems.	I. THE DEFINITE INTEGRAL AND INTEGRATION  1.1 The Differential 1.2 Anti-differentiation 1.3 Some Techniques of Anti-differentiation 1.4 Differential Equations and Rectilinear Motion 1.5 The Definite Integral 1.6 The Fundamental Theorem of the Calculus  II. APPLICATIONS OF THE DEFINITE INTEGRALS 2.1 Area of a Plane Region 2.2 Volumes of Solids by Slicing, Disks and Washers 2.3 Volumes of Solids by Cylindrical Shells	Week 1-3 Week 4-5	<ul> <li>Discuss approximations using differentials.</li> <li>Define Anti-derivative.</li> <li>Establish basic anti-derivative formulas.</li> <li>Apply the notion of anti-derivative to rectilinear motion problems and separable differential equations.</li> <li>Set up the geometric interpretation of the definite integral.</li> <li>Relate the concept between derivative and definite integral.</li> <li>Present graphical interpretation of the applications of definite integrals. (Area and Volumes)</li> <li>Pre-discussion exercises, instruction add-ons and practice exercises may be taken from the online resources</li> </ul>
	III. DERIVATIVES OF ELEMENTARY TRANSCENDENTAL FUNCTIONS 3.1 The Inverse of a Functions (review) 3.2 Logarithmic Functions and their Derivatives 3.3 Logarithmic Differentiation 3.4 Exponential Functions and their Derivatives	Week 6-7	<ul> <li>Discuss various transcendental functions and their derivatives.</li> <li>Pre-discussion exercises, instruction add-ons and practice exercises may be taken from the online resources</li> </ul>

30%

40%

and Exponential Function  V. TECHNIQUES OF INTEGRATION  5.1 Integration by Parts 5.2 Trigonometric Integrals (Powers of Sine, Cosine, Tangent, Cotangent, Secant and Cosecant)  5.3 Integration of Rational Functions by Partial Fractions  Week 11-13  • Discuss the need for special techniques of integration.  • Pre-discussion exercises, instruction add-ons and practice exercises may be taken from the online resources	IV. INTEGRALS OF TRANSCENDENTAL FUNCTIONS  4.1 Integral Yielding the Natural Logarithmic Function  4.2 Integral of Exponential Functions  4.3 Integral of Trigonometric Functions  4.4 Applications of Natural	Week 7-10	<ul> <li>Discuss integrals of transcendental functions and its applications to processes of growth and decay.</li> <li>Pre-discussion exercises, instruction add-ons and practice exercises may be taken from the online resources</li> </ul>
I FINAL EXAMINATION (2hrs)	Function  V. TECHNIQUES OF INTEGRATION  5.1 Integration by Parts 5.2 Trigonometric Integrals (Powers of Sine, Cosine, Tangent, Cotangent, Secant and Cosecant)  5.3 Integration of Rational Functions by Partial		<ul> <li>of integration.</li> <li>Pre-discussion exercises, instruction add-ons and practice exercises may be</li> </ul>

### References

Anton, H. (2002) Calculus (7th ed.) New York: Wiley

Edwards, C.H. and Penney, D.E. (2008) *Calculus: Early Transcendentals* (7th ed.) Upper Saddle River, NJ: Pearson/Prentice Hall.

Larson, R.E, Hostetler, R. & Edwards, B.H. (2008) Essential Calculus: Early Transcendental Functions. Boston: Houghton Mifflin

# Leithold, L. (2002) The Calculus 7 (Low Price Edition) Addison-Wesley

Simmons, G.F. (1996) Calculus with Analytic Geometry (2nd ed.) New York: McGraw-Hill

Smith, Robert T., Minton, Roland B. (2012), Calculus, New York: McGraw Hill

Tan, Soo T. (2012) Applied Calculus for the Managerial, Life, and Social Sciences: A Brief Approach, Australia: Brooks/Cole Cengage Learning

Vargerg, D.E., Purcell, E.J. & Rigdon, S.E. (2007) *Calculus* (9th ed) Upper Saddle River, N.J.:Pearson Education International

### **Online Resources**

Free Calculus Tutorials and Problems Accessed October 11, 2012 from <a href="http://analyzemath.com/calculus/">http://analyzemath.com/calculus/</a> Visual Calculus Accessed October 11, 2012 from <a href="http://archives.math.utk.edu/visual.calculus">http://archives.math.utk.edu/visual.calculus</a> tutorial.math.lamar.edu

Dawkins, P. (2012) Paul's Online Math Notes Accessed October 11, 2012 from http://tutorial.math.lamar.edu

### **Class Policies**

- 1. The required minimum number of quizzes for a 3-unit course is 3, and 4 for 4-unit course. No part of the final exam may be considered as one quiz.
- 2. Cancellation of the lowest quiz is not allowed even if the number of quizzes exceeds the required minimum number of quizzes.
- 3. As a general policy, no special or make-up tests for missed exams other than the final examination will be given. However, a faculty member may give special exams for
  - A. approved absences (where the student concerned officially represented the University at some function or activity).
  - B. absences due to serious illness which require hospitalization, death in the family and other reasons which the faculty member deems meritorious.
- 4. If a student missed two (2) examinations, then he/she will be required to take a make up for the second missed examination.
- 5. If the student has no valid reason for missing an exam (for example, the student was not prepared to take the exam) then the student receives 0% for the missed quiz.

- 6. Students who get at least 89% in every quiz are exempted from taking the final examination. Their final grade will be based on the average of their quizzes and other pre-final course requirements. The final grade of exempted students who opt to take the final examination will be based on the prescribed computation of final grades inclusive of a final examination. Students who missed and/or took any special/make-up quiz will not be eligible for exemption.
- 7. Learning outputs are required and not optional to pass the course.
- 8. Mobile phones and other forms of communication devices should be on silent mode or turned off during class
- 9. Students are expected to be attentive and exhibit the behavior of a mature and responsible individual during class. They are also expected to come to class on time and prepared.
- 10. Sleeping, bringing in food and drinks, and wearing a cap and sunglasses in class are not allowed.
- 11. Students who wish to go to the washroom must politely ask permission and, if given such, they should be back in class within 5 minutes. Only one student at a time may be allowed to leave the classroom for this purpose.
- 12. Students who are absent from the class for more than 5 meetings will get a final grade of 0.0 in the course.
- 13. Only students who are officially enrolled in the course are allowed to attend the class meetings.

Approved by:

## DR. ARTURO Y. PACIFICADOR, JR.

Chair, Department of Mathematics

April, 2014